PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

By John I Scull TUESDAY, December 2, 1817. Volume 33.

Late Importation.

WM. HILL,

AT HIS WHOLESALE WARE-HOUSE, OPPOSITE KERRS, HOTEL, IN MARKET-STREET, HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING FRESH GOODS, OF HIS OWN IMPORTATION, VIZ.

30 ps. olive velvet
30 blk. do.
30 Olive Genoa cords
30 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks
30 Cotton tickings
30 Printed marseilles waistcoating
40 Blk. and fancy colored bombazetts
50 Superfine undress'd prints
50 Do. dress'd do.
50 Superfine plate do.
50 4-4 a 6-4 cambrics
50 7-8 a 9-8 shirtings
40 Fancy ginghams
40 Dimities
16 4-4 a 6-4 cotton shawls
50 Doz. 3-4 a 4-4 Madrass hdkfs.
1 Case 180 doz. oz. thread
1 Do. 254 doz. Holland tape & bobbins
1 Do. 200 packs, No. 4, 4 1-2 & 5 pins
30 M. Best white chappel sharps assorted
100 Doz. Ivory Combs
100 Doz. Horn Combs
30 lb. best black cloth sewings
50 Do. blue do. do.
40 Do silk twist assorted
36 Doz. mens' white & colored C. half hose
20 Womens' white cotton do.

The above goods were purchased in England, to particular order, by a person of experience, and came out at prime cost. They are now offered for sale on accommodating terms, at the Philadelphia *ps.* prices, with the addition of ransportation only.

W. H. Has also a large and well assorted stock this retail store, S. E. corner of Market and Fourth-streets.

Pittsburgh, June 27.——2awtf

Proposals

For publishing in Pittsburgh a Newspaper, to be entitled,

THE DEMOCRATIC STANDARD

AND

Mercantile Advertiser.

BY COLERICK AND WILKINS.

Terms of Publication

"The Democratic Standard and Mercantile Advertiser," will be printed on a Super-Royal sheet and new type, and will be delivered to subscribers at Two dollars per annum, payable in advance, or two dollars and fifty cents at the expiration of the year. No subscription taken for less than 6 months. The first number will be issued by the 20th of December next.

Notice

IS given to persons having business to transact in the Commissioners Office of Allegheny County, that a board will mee statedly at their Office on the first Monday of each month.

By order of the Board,

JAMES M. RIDDLE, Clk.

Pittsburgh, November 21, 1817. 3

Removal.

D. & J. CHUTE have removed to the S. E. corner of the Diamond and Market street, to the stand lately occupied by Messrs Hayt & Sherman, and formerly by H. and J. Jelly.

A STORE to rent, and possession given immediately. Enquire of D. and J. CHUTE.

Pittsburgh, November 18, 1817.

Bank Stock.

TWELVE SHARES of Farmers & Mechanics Bank Stock for sale, apply at S. and M. Allen's Lottery and Exchange office, No. 1 Diamond Row.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 25th——3t.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber last June, a black and white cow, her right horn sawed off—her right ear half cropt, her left ear a small piece taken off the under side. The owner is required, to come and prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JOHN WOODS,
On the road to Beaver.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 25th.

Notice.

IS hereby given, to the Collectors of county tax in Allegheny County, and all others concerned, that Robert Graham Esq. of Pittsburgh, is this day appointed Treasurer of said county.

By order of the Commissioners.

James M. Riddle, Clk.

November 25, 1817.

Estray Horse.

ESTRAYED on the ninth inst. out of one of the meadows belonging to William Robinson Jr. near the town of Allegheny a black HORSE about 15 hands high, with a blazed face and a large hollow in his right side, occasioned by the want of a rib, and by which he may be easily distinguished. Whoever takes up said Horse, and will return him to Wm. Robinson Jr. either in the town of Allegheny or at his Ware-house, corner of Front and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, shall receive FIVE dollars reward and all reasonable charges.

November 25, 1817.

Valuable Property For Sale.

FOUR LOTS

SITUATE on the West bank of the Monongahela river, being part of that tract generally known by the name of

TROY FARM.

Lot No. 2, contains 65 acres 40 perches—a good proportion of bottom and hill land well timbered; on the hill a barn and on the river a fine orchard of choice fruit-trees with a handsome meadow adjoining.

Lot No. 3, contains 57 acres, also a good proportion of hill and bottom land, rich meadow, elegant sugar camp, comfortable tenant's house and stable, with a spring of fine water convenient.

Lot No. 4, contains 57 acres 120 perches, chiefly rich bottom, all cleared, with sufficient hill land, well timbered.

Lot No. 5, contains 54 acres 110 perches, wide bottom, all under cultivation taking in a portion of hill land covered with heavy timber.

The above lots are elegantly situated, 6 miles from the city of Pittsburgh.—Any persons wishing to attend market with the produce of their gardens would find these lots well calculated for their purpose: the soil luxuriant and productive with a proper exposure, and conveniently situated close on the bank of a delightful stream, by which they could transport their 'vegetable store' to a market where it would command the highest prices.

Or any gentlemen wishing to secure pleasant and healthful retreats for their families during the sultry months of summer, would find the natural situation of these lots such as to admit of any improvement convenience might suggest or the hand of taste direct.

Terms of Sale are as follows.

One fifth of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale and the rest in five years, bearing interest, to be paid annually and to be secured by a mortgage or otherwise.—Persons wishing to purchase may obtain more particlar information on application to Mr Samuel Peebles on the premises, or Dunning M'Nair Jr. Wilkinsburgh, who has a diagram of the lots, or on Walter Forward esq. who has also a diagram, or on the subscriber in Greensburgh,

If the lots are not disposed of before the first of April next, they will then be exposed at public sale in the city of Pittsburgh,

—ALSO—

A tract of Donation land, containing 300 acres situate in Mercer county, 6 miles distant from the town of Mercer.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG.

Greensburgh, November 21, 1817. 3

Heirs Wanted.

ABOUT the year 1774, George M,Candless, farmer, in Craig, near Whitehorn, in the county of Wigtown, North Britain, and Agnes Smith his wife, left Scotland and went to America; the present advertisers understand that they were afterwards resident somewhere in Pennsylvania and that they died about the year 1790, leaving children.

If any of these children or their descendants are alive, intimation is hereby made to them, that on application to the gentlemen aftermentioned, they will hear of something to their advantage, and it is requested they will lose no time in making their application.

Address Mr. JOHN BAINBRIDGE, No. 45, Bread-street, London; Mr JAMES SMITH, Wigtown, Scotland; or Messrs JOSHUA and THOMAS GILPIN, Philadelphia.

Wigtown, 14th March, 1817.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum

WAS dissolved by mutual consent on the 23d of April, 1817. The accounts of the partnership will be settled by Cramer & Spear.

E. CRAMER.
JOHN SPEAR,
WM. EICHB.AUM,

Pittsburgh, July 11th, 1817

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE out lot in the town of Allegheny No. 230, bounded by an alley ad by lots Nos, 213, 229 & 231—containing TEN acres and situate within a few perches of the Beaver road, with which it communicates by said alley.—There is an excellent spring, rising within the lot, and a small handsome stream running through it.

The advantages attendant on this lot are such as to recommend it to the attention of persons disposed to purchase property in the vicinity of Pittsburgh.

For terms apply to James M. Riddle, conveyancer, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber at Wilkinsburgh.

WILLIAM WALLACE.

September 19, 1817

Benjamin Darlington

HAS just received at his HARDWARE STORE, in Market street, between Third & Fourth streets,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware and Cutlery,

—ALSO—

72 boxes of Tin Plate.

The whole of which he offers for sale Cheap for cash or negotiable paper.

P. Willliamson & T. Mayfield

Patent self acting

SHUTTER FASTENERS.

A constantly supply, wholesale and retail, may be had on application at BENJAMIN DARLINGTON Hardware Store.

Pittsburgh, October 17, 1817.——6

Surgical Institution Lottery,

OF BALTIMORE.

HIGHEST PRIZES.

100,000 Dollars.	5,000 Dollars.
50,000 Dollars.	5,000 Dollars.
20,000 Dollars.	5,000 Dollars.
10,000 Dollars.	5,000 Dollars.

COHEN'S LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,
NOVEMBER 6, 1817.

For the information of adventurers throughout the United States, the following memorandum is published, shewing the exact time fixed for the drawing with the particular days on which the Stationary premiums will be awarded; it having been determined to allow a short space between each drawing with a view of giving an opportunity to distant adventurers to renew their small prizes previous to the EIGHTH and NINTH days drawing, on which days the great Capitals of *Fifty Thousand* and *One Hundred Thousand* DOLLARS will be drawn.

The Drawing Begins

On WEDNESDAY, the 26th of this month (November.)

1st	drawing	Wednesday, Nov. 26th,—The first drawn number will be entitled to	5,000 DOLLS
2d	——	Tuesday, ——Dec. 2ud,—4 first drawn Nos. will be each entitled to	500 ——
3d	——	Thursday——— 4th,—4 first drawn Nos. will be each entitled to	1,000 ——
4th	——	Tuesday, ——— 9th,—1st drawn number,	5,000 ——
5th	——	Thursday,———11th—4 first drawn Nos. will be each entitlep to	500 ——
6th	——	Tuesday, ———16th—1st drawn Number,	10,000 ——
7th	——	Thnrsday,———18th—4 first drawn Nos. will be each entitled to	500 ——
8th	——	Wednesda, ——24th day before Christmas, } 1st drawn Nnmber	50,000 ——
9th	——	Thursday, January 1st New-Year's-day } 1st drawn Number	100,000 ——

10th and last drawing Wednesday 7th.—SIXTY DAYS after which time all the PRIZES become payable,

AT THE OFFICE OF THE

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

The very few tickets remaining on hand in this splendid Lottery, and the immense value of the prizes to be drawn on the eighth and ninth day's will certainly enhance their value to a very high price, particularly if the floating Capital TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS be then remaining in the wheel; therefore persons not yet supplied, should lose no time in forwarding their orders as the price of Tickets will be advanced to SIXTY DOLLARS, on the opening of the wheels the first day.

PRESENT PRICES.

	Which costs only	*May produce*
Whole Ticket	$55 00	100,000 DOLLARS.
Half,	27 50	50,000 ——
Quarter,	13 75	25,000 ——
Fifth,	11 00	20,000 ——
Eighth,	6 87	12,500 ——
Tenth,	5 50	10,000 ——
Sixteenth,	3 43	6,250 ——

TO BE HAD IN A VARIETY OF NUMBERS AT

COHEN'S

Lottery & Exchange-Office, 110 Market-st. Baltimore,

Where have been sold in the late lotteries Capital Prizes of $50,000—$40,000—$30,000's—$20,000's—$10,000's—$5,000's &c. amounting to upwards of A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

Orders from any part of the Union, for WHOLE TICKETS or SHARES, enclosing the Cash or prize Tickets, in any of the present or late lotteries, post paid, will be attended to with the same promptness and punctuality, as if on personal application, addressed to

J. I. COHEN, JR.,
No. 110, *Market-street, Baltimore.*

Purchasers of a singe ticket or more in the *Surgical Institution Lottery*, or in shares to the mount of Fifty Dollars IF BOUGHT AT COHEN'S OFFICE, will be furnished during the drawing with '*Cohen's Lottery Gzette, and Register*," which will contain the Managers' Official list of all the numbers Blanks and Prizes drawn each day

100 Barrels Salt

FOR SALE FOR GRANVILLE BANK *NOTES*

Enquire of

R. BOWEN & Co.
Corner of Market and Water sreets

Pittsburgh, November 14, 1817

C. J. Boerstler

MAKES known to his acquaintances and the public generally throughout the Western country, that he transacts business on COMMISSION in the city of New-Orleans. His counting-house is in Paulding's Row, near Mr. Benjamin Morgan's.

New-Orleans, Aug. 1, 1817——6

Watch Chrystals.

THE subscriber has on hand a quantity of watch chrystals, assorted numbers, which he will sell cheap for cash, or good barter

—ALSO—

A quantity of good strong vinegar, and Liquid blacking of good quality in bottles at 50 cents each.

ISAAC HARRIS, *Diamond.*

Pittsburgh, Oct. 28th——6t.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR.

Just recived, & for se by the subscribers

20,000 lbs. wt. of New Orleans

SUGAR,

OF A PRIME QUALITY.

CROMWELL & ROBBIN

A FEMALE.

QUALIFIED to instruct children, in the first Rudiments of education, will hear of an advantageous situation; in a private family about 3 miles from this city, on application at this office.

Pittsburgh, Oct 28.

R. BOWEN & CO

HAVE FOR SALE,

BEST English Crowley and Blister STEEL,
Ditto American ditto do do
Ditto, Cast and German do
Ditto Cross-cut and Pitt Saws
Mouse-hole Anvils
Vices
Sheet-Iron
Spades & Shovels
Barr and Roll'd Iron
Stoves, Grates, and assorted Castings
Cut, and Wrought Nails
Sad Irons, and Tea-kettles
Frying-pans and German Scythes
Axes, Hoes, Chains, Adzes & Mattocks
Kenhawa Salt
Whiskey
Flour
Bacon
Cheese
Linseed Oil
Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco.
Cut and dry ditto & Segars
Shot and Lead
Pearl Ashes
N. Orleans, and Country Sugar
Window Glass
Porter bottles, and assorted do
Fools cap, Letter, Writing, and Printing } PAPER
Royal and thick folio Post ditto
Saddles and Bridles
Cotton and Wool Cards
Domestic Cotton Goods
Young Hyson Tea
Allspice
Ginger
Mustard
Chocolate
Brimstone
Indigo, &c.

Pittsburgh, October 31, 1817——4w2a

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

By John I. Scull. No. 36

Tuesday December 2, 1817.

HAYTI.

It will be recollected that we lately sent the Congress frigate to Hayti, with a commissioner on board, charged with arranging our affairs with his ebony majesty. The result of that mission is not generally known, but was supposed to have terminated unfavorably, owing to a want of formality or diplomatique etiquette, for these sable warriors, dressed in "brief authority," stand up for every point with as much formality as their legitimate brethern who form the redoutable European alliance; and when we look at position, character, talents and decision, their claims are much better founded for sovereignty than many of those who have subscribed to the "holy league;" and Henry the 1st of Hayti has an equal right to exclaim, with Lear, I'm "every inch a king." The following account of the arrival of the Congress, as well as despatches from the count of Limonade, secretary of state for foreign affairs, has been furnished us by a friend. We, however, cannot discover any thing serious or improper in the view which they take; if we open a negociation with them it must be on a footing such as we would establish with any other nation.—*Nat. Adv.*

Official note from the Hayti Gazette.

"In order to remove all doubts which the arrival of the American frigate Congress in the port of the capital, having Mr. Tyler on board, may have excited, and also to remove all motives of calumny from the enemies of Hayti, we are authorised to publish the following documents:

"A government, strong of itself as well as by its principles of wisdom and justice, does not fear to make the truth known. There will be seen in these documents the desire which our government has exhibited to establish relations of commerce and friendship with the government of the United States, whenever they should be founded on the political relations, usages and reciprocity which ought to exist between governments. It will be seen, that the cause why the lucrative commerce which has for more than 25 years existed between the two nations has not been more extensive is owing solely to the government of the United States."

KINGDOM OF HAYTI,

At the palace of La Grande Rivierre Aug. 1, 1817, 14th year of independence,

The Secretary of State. Minister of Foreign Affairs of HAYTI, &c. &c. to Mr. the Baron de Dupuy, Secretary and Interpreter of the King, &c.

Mr. La Baron—

I have received your letter of yesterday, which announces the arrival of the American frigate Congress in the port of the capital, with Mr. Tyler, who presents himself as Commercial Agent of the United States of America.

On learning the arrival of Mr. Tyler, I waited to receive despatches from his government, and letters which should accredit him at the court of Hayti; but I have been strangely surprised from the report which you have made to me that he was the bearer only of a simple certificate, couched in unusual and inadmissible terms—and further: containing the words, "Cape Francois," and "of the island of St. Domingo" --expressions which are improper, and offensive to the government of his majesty.

Notwithstanding the desire which his majesty has of seeing relations of commerce and amity established between the two governments, I am under the necessity of charging you to notify Mr. Tyler that he cannot be received and considered as commercial agent, he not being furnished with authentic credentials in good and due form, sufficiently to accredit him with the Haytian government.

As Mr. Tyler is, without doubt, ignorant of the usages established in this kingdom for the diplomatic communications between governments, you will make them known to him, and will send him a copy of the king's declaration, dated 20th Nov. 1816.

I regret that his majesty, being at this moment on a tour, cannot give an audience to Mr. Tyler and the captain of the frigate Congress as they desire.

I have the honor to salute, &c.

COUNT DE LIMONADE.

TOUSSANT, *the Negro Chief.*

In 1802, during the short interval of peace between England and France, Maitland, the British General who had been at war with Toussant, went to his Camp in the country, in order to settle some points with him previously to the embarkation of his troops. It was a proverb among the whites of St. Domingo, as well as the blacks, that Toussant *never broke his word.* Accordingly, the British general, trusting the promise of the negro chief, did not scruple to go to him with only two or three attendants, though it was a considerable distance from his own army, and he had to pass through a country full of negroes, who had very lately been his mortal enemies. Meanwhile Mons. *Roleme*, the French commissioner, wrote a letter to Toussant, urging him to seize the British General and detain him a prisoner. Of this plot the General received information by the way, but proceeded forward nevertheless.

When General Maitland, and his attendants, arrived at Toussant's head quarters, he was not to be seen. The Gen. was desired to wait, and after much delay the negro chief still did not appear. General Maitland's mind began to misgive him, as was natural upon a reception seemingly so uncivil, and so much falling in with the warning he had received. But at length out comes Toussant with two letters open in his hand. "There General," (said the upright chief) read these before we talk together; the one is a letter just received from *Roleme*, and the other my answer. I would not come to you till I had written my answer to him; that you may see how safe you are with me; and how incapable I am of baseness."

General Maitland read the letters and found the one an artful attempt to excite Toussant to seize his guest; as an act of duty to the republic; the other a noble and indignant refusal. Toussant's answer to *Roleme* was in the following noble strain: —"What, have I not passed my word to the British general; how then can you suppose that I will cover myself with dishonour by breaking it? His reliance on my good faith leads him to put himself in my power, and I should be forever infamous were I to act as you advise. I am faithfully devoted to the republic, but will not serve it at the expense of my conscience & my honour."

This nobleness of soul rendered Toussant the less suspicious of meanness and perfidy in others. And accordingly, he was soon afterwards inveigled by fair and solemn promises to trust himself in the power of the French general le Clere, who loaded him with irons and sent him to France, and by order of the first Consul he was thrown into a loathsome dungeon where he died; but how or in what manner, is left to conjecture. *Conn. Cour.*

Extraordinary Longevity.

Capt. Riley, in his very interesting narrative of his sufferings in Africa, mentions the surprising age, to which he was informed, many Arabs attained. The following are his words. "This account from an Arab who was my friend, and the preserver of my life, and on whose veracity I could rely, together with what came under my own observation, has removed all doubt from my mind on that subject, and I am fully of opinion, that hundreds and thousands of Arabs on this vast expanse of desert, actually live to the age of two hundred years of our calender." Of his reasons for his belief, one is their constant temperance and activity. "They never taste wine, or any ardent spirits, being entirely out of the way of those articles, and they are besides strictly forbidden by their religion." This fact is sufficient proof of the erroneousness of an idea, that is unhappily so prevalent, that spirituous liquors are useful to the preservation or restoration of health; an idea contradicted by almost universal experience. To use the language which we have heard employed on some public occasion. "We know not if ardent spirits ought not to be placed on the shelf with arsenic and laudanum." Capt. Riley in his narrative, &c. thus describes some of the oldest Arabs he saw:—They had lost all the hair from their heads, beards, and every part of their bodies, the flesh on them had entirely wasted away, and their skins appeared to be dried and drawn tight over the sinews and bones like Egyptians; their eyes are extinct, having totally wasted away in their sockets, the bones of which are only covered by their eyelid. One of these was reported to be three hundred years old."

From the Montreal Herald.

The Albiness.—The beautiful and interesting Female, known by this name, is, we learn, on the eve of departing from this town for the United States, where she may be expected in a few weeks. The extraordinary appearance of this female, has very justly attracted the attention of the most intelligent and elevated personages in Europe, as well as in Canada; and the inhabitants of the United States, will undoubtedly be highly pleased to have an opportunity of gratifying a laudable curiosity by beholding such an uncommon effect in the works of nature. Her graceful deportment and engaging manner, cannot fail to win her the esteem and patronage of the polite and accomplished part of every community.—She is a native of England, and is one of a family of six children, three of which have the same singular resemblance to each other, the remaining three have nothing remarkable in their composition.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Bridge at Goat Island.—Augustus Porter, Esq. the proprietor of the American side of the falls of Niagara, some time since purchased Goat Island lying in the Niagara river, dividing the falls. This Island, being situated in the rapids, has heretofore been deemed inaccessible or dangerous of access, there being only one point to approach it, and that by putting into the river, a mile or more above the falls, and then dropping down between the rapids on the head of the island; this way however, could not always be considered secure, as the least mismanagement of the boat in departing the island would be fatal. In order therefore to approach the island in safety, to improve it to advantage, the enterprizing proprietor has constructed a bridge 34 rods in length, founded on 11 piers, each pier when filled will contain 50 tons; and, from the size of the piers and their foundation being solid rock, it is confidently believed that the bridge will be permanent.

It is, we understand, the intention of Judge Porter, to cultivate this enchanting Island, and erect thereon suitable buildings for the accommodation of strangers and others, who desire to view one of the grandest curiosities of nature, in a *new character.*

The Island contains about 80 acres of land is about 100 rods wide, but at the lower end between the falls, it is only 90 rods [*Buffalo Gaz.*

From Walsh's American Register.

"I had hopes of collecting some authentic information for my readers concerning the origin and progress of the insurrections in South America. But so contradictory are the accounts from that quarter, so inaccessible the sources of full or correct information, that I have preferred being silent on the subject, to running the risk of scantiness or inaccuracy. What may be safely inferred from the past history and condition of the population of S. America, what seems to be generally admitted, is, that they are by no means ripe for republican institutions. Whether they will ever be qualified to enjoy them, I very much doubt; but of this I am sure, that they can adopt no government of their own that will not be preferable to the sway of the old Spanish cabinet. Self government in any shape exalts the being, by inspiring self-respect; revolution, anarchy if you will, generates energy, and has within it some seeds of improvement; but the colonial system, the domestic government of Spain, quenches all the fire, breaks all the springs, deadens all the fine susceptibilities of human character.

When I think of the government of Ferdinand, I have before my imagination, on one side, an "adored monarch," embroidering, to the passionate delight of his people, a robe for the Virgin Mary; on another, the Intendant of Valentia expiring on the rack; Gen. O'Donnoghue writhing under the state tourniquet; the ardent patriots of the Cortes, who sustained unshaken, through a long agony, the fortunes of their country and of Ferdinand himself, perishing in dungeons, as their recompense, or dragging an iron chain at the galleys. I am oppressed in touching upon this subject, with a more intense emotion of indignation, I may say grief, as I have, among these victims, a friend to whom I am warmly attached, and to whom the esteem of the world is eminently due. I allude to Don Augustin Arguelles, of Oviedo, who took the lead of the Cortes, particularly in the formation of that liberal constitution, the irremissible sin of himself and his colleagues, for which they are now suffering the vengeance of the doltish tyrrany they would have corrected. Augustin Argueiles, whom I found in London, in 1807, studying, as in the best European school of speculative freedom, the principles of good government, with a view to the service of Spain, would do honor to any nation by his enlarged and various knowledge, especially in the science of political legislation; by his elegant taste, his enlightened liberality, the suavity of his nature, his elevated disinterestedness, and his patriotic ardor, which led him to devote himself wholly to the cause of his country; and yet, he who would have died a thousand times to rescue her, has been condemned as a traitor to serve as a common soldier at Ceuto, strictly watched; and, though always of a delicate constitution of body, severely tasked!

If ever there was a case in which we should "object heaven and whatever justice or feeling there is yet on earth,"—if ever there was a catastrophe ominous to the principle of patriotism blighting for all public virtue, it is that of the patriots of the Spanish Cortes. Were their case susceptible of aggravation, it would be from the circumstance that the judges chosen for such of them as were condemned without any forms of law, before whom they were dragged as rebels, as traitors, as the vilest of criminals, were men who had concurred in betraying Spain into the hands of France, who had deserted the cause of Ferdinand, and even fought under the banners of Joseph."

Chair and Cabinet Warehouse.

Fourth street, above Wood.—And Second street, near Smithfield.

PITTSBURGH.

JOSEPH ROSEMAN,

Fancy Chair-maker, Ornamenter, Gilder, &c. AND

ROSEMAN & WRIGHT,

Cabinet Makers.

All articles in their line will be furnished at a short notice, and of such workmanship as shall warrant a continuance of custom.

Draughts of new and Fashionable Furniture will be furnished to those wishing such articles.

November 21, 1817 ——1awtf

Notice.

THE partnership existing under the firm of ARMOR and WALLACE, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st inst. All accounts will be settled by Irwin Wallace.

JAMES ARMOR,
IRWIN WALLACE.

N. B. The business will be transacted as heretofore by Irwin and Henry Wallace.

Who have on hand, for sale at the most reduced prices, a general assortment of

Glass-ware,
Castings,
Nails, cut & hamd.
Iron, Juniatta,
Tobacco, Manfac. & cut & dry,
Steel, English blister.
Stove Pipe,
Upper Leather,
Wool Hats,
Weavers Reeds,
Rappee Snuff,
Butter,
Country Sugar,
Bed Cords,
Plough Lines,
Rigging,
Fishing-lines,

—ALSO—

Iron-ware, Axes, Traces, Plough-irons &c.
A quantity of Trotter's best glazed POWDER.

120 bbls Conemaugh Salt.

Pittsburgh, November 28, 1817.

To my Creditors.

TAKE Notice, that I have applied to the Judge of the court of Common Pleas for the county of Cumberland, for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, and that they have appointed Monday the 22d of December next to hear me and my creditors at the Court-house in the borough of Carlisle, of which you will please to take notice.

JOHN SOMMER.

Carlise, November 11th. 1817.

WHEAT.

100 CENTS,

HALF CASH (FOR A SHORT TIME)

FOR good Merchantable WHEAT, will be given at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

October 18. 1817

FRESH GOODS.

The subscribers have just received at their Store

CORNER OF MARKET AND SECOND STREETS.

AN ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

Which they offer for Sale, wholesale and retail at the lowest reduced prices,

—ALSO—

ROLLED IRON by the ton,
TEA, COFFEE, etc.
FRESH BUTTER, in kegs and bbls,
PEARL ASH, etc. etc.

THOMAS G. LEA & Co.

Pittsburgh, November 14, 1817 ——tf

DAVID EVANS

HAS JUST RECEIVED

At his WHOLESALE Store in Liberty, near the corner of Fourth street,

A general assortment of

Groceries, Liquors, and Queensware.

Among which are the followiug,
Best green Coffee in bags,
Young Hyson Tea in small chests & boxes,
Lump Sugar, Boston Chocolate,
Pepper—Alspice—Mustard,
Raisins, in boxes and kegs,
Indigo—Madder and Copperass,
White Havanna Sugar—Nutmegs, Almonds
Pine-apple Cheese,
Cogniae Brandy—4th proof
Best Holland Gin,
Sugar-house Molasses,
Madeira and Lisbon Wines,
Queensware in small crates assorted.

All of which he is determined to sell at a small advance for cash.

Pittsburgh, May27, 1817

PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY DECEMBER 2, 1817

The Lancasterian System of Education.

We have the pleasure of informing the public, that they have it now in their power to avail themselves of the advantages of a Lancasterian school in this town;——Mr. Babe who has taught in one of the most celebrated Lancasterian Seminaries in Europe, proposes to open such a school here, on the first of January, provided, a sufficient number of pupils can be obtained.—When the facts are duly considered by parents, that one master can teach 500 children; that each of those children may have sixteen times as much exercise in reading as 100 with one teacher on the old plan; that in four hours every child in a school of 500 in number, may have four lessons of half an hour each, and have four hours more for exercise in writing and Arithmetic—and that a child may, upon the Lancasterian plan, be taught as much in two years, as would require five years in the ordinary way, the advantages are too obvious to be overlooked or disregarded—and moreover, when the practicability of the system has been so completely and so satisfactorily tested both in Europe and America, we certainly conceive ourselves justified in recommending it to the attention of our readers.

In an economical point of view, this system strongly recommends itself to the public attention. The teaching of 500 scholars, in the ordinary way, costs $16 per scholar, annually; making a total of $8000 —*whilst on* the Lancasterian plan, the salary of one teacher,, with fuel and a person to attend the fires, &c. would be the only expense for 500 scholars---making a saving in one year, of twice as much as would erect a suitable building for the system, and a saving in point of time to the scholars, of three years out of every five. On the old system, the expense exceeds the means of the labouring poor; nothing therefore remains to them but charity schools, a gratuity which that independence of sentiment possessed by every American, can hardly suffer him to accept,--nor should this sentiment be suppressed; it is the stamina of the liberties of the country; the basis of its glory.

Every step by which the acquirement of useful knowledge can be facilitated, ought to command the countenance and patronage of the citizens of a free country; the *stability* of whose republican institutions *depend* so much upon the intelligence of the great body of the people,---and to the general diffusion of kowledge in political economy, we may look for the permanent establishment of our popular government.

Where a free government has been established, it is the interest, it is the duty of the people, to watch over it with a jealous eye, and prevent its being sapped or undermined by artful or designing men.

And is it among uninformed, illiterate men we are to look for those vigilant guardians of the public weal? No! as well might we look for integrity among robbers, and public virtue among the kings of the earth. No! it is among an instructed people, a people who know and can appreciate their own rights; a people who understand the difference between a government conducted on the pure principles of public utility, and that which loses sight of the public interest, engulphing itself in the private *emolument* of the venal crew, who exercise its functions. Among an enlightened, and intelligent people only, can we expect to find the faithful and effectual guardians of a free government.

Subscription papers are left with the Rev. *Francis Herron*, Rev. *John Taylor*, *John M. Snowden*, Esq. Mr. *Andrew Scott*, and at this office.

The Legislature of Rhode-Island, have passed a law, forbidding the erection, after the 1st of March next, of any wooden buildings, above 13 feet high.

OUR GERMAN RELATIONS.

Our readers are aware that in the Diet assembled at Frankford on the Main, are represented not only the powerful, but the petty potentates of Germany. Their deliberations involve the best interests of Germany, and engage the serious attention of all Europe. We have heard, from unquestionable authority, (says the Democratic Press) that the Diet some time since appointed a person to come to the United States, whose instructions are to travel through the Union, and make inquiry, from every person and authority, within his reach, as to the reception and encouragement given to the emigrants from Germany; their situation generally through the Union, and particularly in the several states. This representative of the German Diet, is Baron Von Gagern, whose brother is an influential member of the Diet, where he represents the King of the Netherlands. Baron Von Gagern arrived here about three weeks since, and is gone on to the city of Washington. This notification is deemed of some importance, as upon the report of M. Von Gagern, will not only depend the measures which shall be adopted by the Diet, but greatly influence the opinions of the German people towards this country.

A very "Novel Occurrence" is thus related in the Geneva Gazette of the 12th inst.—"One evening last week, during a momentary absence of the editor, the Press and printing Types of the "Waterloo Gazette," printed at Waterloo, in Seneca county, were *carried off* by some unknown persons, and nothing has since been heard of them!—Much warmth had been excited by a discussion in the Gazette, between the friends of the late Sheriff and present Sheriff, of Seneca county: or more correctly speaking, between the friends and opponent of the late Sheriff, and thus has terminated the paper warfare."

The Franklin, 74, sailed from Annapolis on the 20th ult. taking out Mr. Rush and his suite, on his embassy to England. It is not a little creditable to our officers and naval tactics, that Mons. Perrong, a Lieutenant de vaisseau, (which gives him rank as a captain of a frigate in the French service) is regulated as a gun room passenger in the Franklin, merely to become better informed as to the improved machinery, order, dispositions and celerity, practised in the American ships of war. Lieut. Perrong, (says the National Intelligencer) was readily admitted to this ship, through the solicitaton of the Marquis de la Fayette to the President.

Singular good fortune.—Two gentlemen of Richmond by the names of D. Barclay and Mr. Gretton, about three weeks since, drew the floating prize of $20,000, in the Washington Monument Lottery, and on Friday last, drew also the $20,000 prize being the capital in the same lottery.

The Mr. Hastings, said to reside in Connecticut, and who is reported to be the lawful heir to the Earldom of Huntingdon: if so, is the lineal descendant of Francis, second Earl of H. and Catharine, daughter of George Plantagenet, Duke of Clarence.

A *Bombay* paper received at Boston, mentions, that a Mr. Anderson (4th officer of the ship *Charles Grant*,) while bathing in the harbor of Bombay, was attacked and devoured by a number of Sharks. A quarter-master and a seamen, who were bathing with him, succeeded in getting on board a vessel which lay near. A shark, it is stated, was pursuing the seamen, when a sentry on board a Portuguese frigate levelled his piece and shot the fish.

The revolution in Algiers, and the decapitation of the Dey, now confirmed, are events not uninteresting in themselves, and particularly to us. The late Dey, had established among all our countrymen in the Mediterranean, who had opportunities of observing his character, a reputation of probity, elevation, fortitude, and intrepedity—qualities not often united in an Algerine chief of any grade, and, therefore, remarkable. He had signalized himself for the two latter qualities, in a distinguished manner, by the cool, and desperate resistance he made to the demands of the British Admiral Exmouth, and afterwards to the attack by the tremendous force employed to enforce them. Whenever he has yielded as far as we have observed, to the demands of any nation, it has been from policy, when his discriminating observation taught him it would be in vain to prolong resistance.—He was an Algerine, it is true, and therefore entertained notions, and pursued a policy, when he dare, reprobated by the laws of nations, and obnoxious to the advancing civilization of all Christian nations. But, as an Algerine he was a great man; and his dethronement may prove the harbinger and the cause of the utter annihilation of the power of Algiers.

He was dethroned, it is reported, because his reign had been disastrous. Disaster, then, is to be retrieved—and retrieved it can only be by re-establishing the former principles and practices of that power, the surrender of which is the disaster of which the Dey was accused.—Should the attempt be made on our commerce, we shall be immediately engaged in a war with that nation. It is in this view that we consider the revolution as interesting to us—and that we have been gratified in reflecting, that we have a force in the Mediterranean, should the revolution at Algiers portend a revolution of policy, sufficient to protect our own commerce, and keep the pirates in their ports, if not to annihilate their marine.

Nat. Intel.

The Emperor of Austria has adopted conscriptions to fill his regiments in Italy.—This system has been much abused. But its abuse should not cause what is good in it to be rejected. Of all the modes of recruiting, conscription is that which appears best adapted to the actual state of society. It is the means of forming invincible armies for the defence of states, and does honor to the profession of arms. [It might be tolerated in a defensive war, but not in one that was offensive. As a mean of security, it is excusable; but never should be yielded as an instrument of ambition. There is danger, that if submitted to for a good end —it may afterwards be required for a bad purpose.]

It is calculated by the Proprietors of the Waterloo Bridge, lately erected in England, across the Thames, that the tolls will amount to upwards of $200,000 per annum.

According to the testimony of travellers, there is now growing, on one of the sides of Mount Etna, a chesnut tree (Castanea Visca) called by the Sicilians, castagno de cento cavalli (chesnut of 100 horses) which measures 204 feet round. This tree is mentioned by several writers, and is considered of great antiquity. It received its name from the circumstance of its having sheltered 100 men on horseback, from a storm. In the department of Cher, in France, says Michaux, there is a chesnut tree 30 feet in circumference which for 600 years has borne the name of Great Chesnut, and is believed to be 1000 years old. Its trunk is perfeetly sound; every year it yields an immense quantity of fruit.

From the Boston Recorder of Tuesday.

The cause of the Jews.—A letter received in this town, from Mrs. Hannah More, the celebrated English authoress, dated Sept. 3, states, that the "Hebrew New Testament is finished; and so great is the demand for it, that a second edition is printing. Mr. Way, a gentleman of immense fortune, high character, and who has devoted himself to the Jewish cause, is now gone to Petersburg with two German Jews, his own converts; one of whom was ordained Priest the day before they came to take leave of us. The Sultan of Tartary (a Christian convert) is also of the party. They preach to the Jews in the cities they pass through."

SUN-RISE AT SEA.

From Moore's Sacred Melodies.

I saw thee rise, bright lamp of heaven!
I saw thee rise from ocean's breast,
The sight was fair, for calm as even,
The wearied waves had sunk to rest.

Spirit of Light! I saw thee climb,
With lustre pure, the dark wove clouds;
Till thou hadst reached the height sublime,
Where DEITY himself enshrouds.

And so methinks, the Christian soul
Ought rise, refulgent orb, like thee,
Till it hath reach'd its heavenly goal,
Secure above life's troubled sea;

Oh, then in vain the wave might roll,
To hide its native majesty.

Beautiful Figure.

Peele in his, Prologue to David and Bethsheba, speaks of King David, thus:—

"Upon the bosom of his iv'ry lute
The angels and cherubims lay their breasts;
And when his consecrated fingers struck
The golden wires of his ravishing harp, he gave
Alarum to the host of Heaven, which winged
With lightning, break the clouds, and downward
Cast their chrystal armour at his conquering feet."

REMOVAL.

The printing office of the "*PITTSBURGH GAZETTE*" is removed to the brick building, corner of Front and Ferry streets —a few doors below the Post-Office.

Notice.

IS hereby given to Collectors and others interested, that hereafter no monies will be received at the Treasury of Allegheny county except such as will be taken in payment at the Banks in Pittsburgh.

By order of the Commissioners.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, Clk.

December 2, 1817.

Robert Dougherty.

IF ROBERT DOUGHERTY, late a sergeant in the service of the U. States, is in Pittsburgh or its vicinity and will call at the Pittsburgh Gazette office, he will hear of something to his advantage.

December 2, 1817.

TWO BALES

SUPERFINE CLOTHS, FASHIONABLE COLOURS,

At a small advance or sterling cost.

—ALSO—

Six Casks Hardware, assorted,

For retail stores—at moderate prices and liberal credit.

For sale by

ALLEN & GRANT.

December 2,1817

---

128 Bags Green Coffee,

87 boxes Brimstone,
10 bbls. superfine Salt-petre,
47 kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
100 boxes Segars ditto
14 bags black Pepper,
17 bbls. prime Pork,
500 bbls. SALT,
Single, double and treble Sheet-Iron,
Blister & best English Crowley Steel,
Shovels and Spades
Frying Pans, etc. etc.

AN INVOICE OF

WIRE, DRAFT CHAINS, FILES etc.

For Sale by

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, December 2, 1817.

INDIA AND DOMESTIC MUSLINS.

Ormsby and Doane

Have Just Received and Offer For Sale,

BY THE BALE OR PIECE,

2 bales India Muslins, (Chowdigrys and Baftas,)
2 bales Domestic Grey Shirting, 4-4,

ALSO,

A few boxes Boston Axes.

Pittsburgh, November 21, 1817.

I. DOANE

ON THE BANK,

Keeps constantly on hand

Hardware, Cutlery, Ironmongery, Groceries and Liquors.

Genuine Crowley STEEL, *and Speers' Cast-steel PIT-SAWS.*

For Cash or Approved Notes.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 4. 1817.

SHAW AND BOURKE,

House & Sign Painters and Glaziers.

ARCHIBALD SHAW

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has associated with John Bourke in the House and Sign Painting & Glazing, at the corner of Wood and Fourth Streets, where they will strictly attend to any orders they may be favoured with, and engage to execute any thing in their line, in the neatest and best style, and on the most reasonable terms

---

J. CALLET

Late From France,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened (for a few months only) a store in Wood street, between Third and Fourth streets—where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, the following articles, viz.

An elegant assortment of

PICTURES IN FRAMES,

Ditto an assortment of Crystal GLASS-WARE,
Ditto an extensive assortment of Children's TOYS,
A complete assortment of JEWELRY & PERFUMERY, Coach LACE, and MILITARY ORNAMENTS.

With a quantity of different Articles too tedious to enumerate.

N. B. Merchants can be supplied with complete assortments on reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, November 14, 1817——1a3m

Monongahela Bridge.

THE Stockholders in the company for erecting a Bridge over the Monongahela river opposite Pittsburgh, are required to pay to the treasurer a fourth instalment of FIVE dollars on each share of said stock on or before the third day of November next.

JOHN THAW, *Treasurer.*

Pittsbg. Aug. 29——t3Dec

To be Rented

until the first of April next, and possession given immediately,

THE FRAME building lately occupied as the printing office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. Enquire of the Editor.

November 28th 1817

GRANVILLE NOTES

RECEIVED AT PAR FOR GOODS.

J. & R. GILLAND will receive the above Notes, at their Store, corner of Fourth and Market Streets.

Pittsburgh, November 28th, 1817. tf

Dancing and Music.

H. G. PIUS begs leave to inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he intends to open his Music and Dancing schools immediately. He pledges himself to exert all his abilities to give satisfaction to those who may think proper to extend encouragement to him

H. G. Pius also takes the liberty of informing the ladies and gentlemen of this place that he will shortly commence his Cotillion parties.

H. G. Pius will give lessons on the Violin, Piano Forte, and Guitar.

Pittsburgh, November 11, 1817

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John Poyntz deceased, are required to come forward and settle their respective accounts, and all persons having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated fot settlement.

MARY POYNTZ, *Admrx.*
CHRISTOPHER MAGEE, } *Admrs.*
JOSEPH BARCLAY, }

Pittsburgh, Nov. 11th, 1817.——3t

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT CALLENDER, decd. are requested to call and settle their respective accounts; and those having demands, will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to

ABNER BARKER, Administr.
Cum testamento annexo.

Pittsburgh, October 24, 1817.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

AT THEIR WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE

IN MARKET STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE CORNER OF SECOND STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

GROCERIES, WINES. & LIQUORS,

Which they will sell on the most accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young-hyson, Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong }	TEAS of the first quality.
Prime Green Coffee, in bags & bbls.	Madder
Common ditto	Cinnamon
Spanish flotant & Benga Indigo,	Cloves
Loaf & Lump Sugar,	Nutmegs
Muscavado ditto	Allspice
Spanish Segars.	Mace
Common ditto	Ginger
Rice	Pepper
Copperas,	Mustard
English refined Salt Petre	Madeira, Teneriffe, Lisbon } WINES of a superior quality.
Brimstone	4th proof Cogniac Brandy
Allum	Ditto Jam. Spirits
	Holland Gin
	Country ditto
	Whiskey
	Pittsbg. & Kentuck manufac. Tobacco.

N. B. All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

2aw 3m

Kentucky Tobacco & Salt.

94 Kegs excellent Kentucky manufac. Tobacco.

230 bbls rectified and common Salt,

12 Barrels Mess Pork,

For sale by

Foster and Doane,

Wood street, Pittsburgh

October 3.——2a3m

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

(Market, between 3d and 4th streets.)

Dry Goods, Wines, Groceries, and Hardware.

Summer Assortment

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that, he has formed partnership in business with Messrs. John nd Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, to be conducted under the firm of

JOHN M'CLEAN & CO.

who are at present opening, and will be regularly supplied with, an extensive and excellent assortment of articles in the above line, which being purchased principally at *Auction* in Philadelphia, will be disposed of at a very small advance,

Wholesale and Retail,

For cash, *approved notes* or country produce, *only*.

JOHN M'CLEAN

Pittsburgh. June 10. 1817.

Ls. ROCHART,

Clock and Watch-maker,

LATELY from Europe, respectfully informs the public, that he has established in Diamond alley, opposite the Livery Stable, where he will with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms, repair and warrant any thing in his line, that is brought to him.

He has for sale a few Good WATCHES.

Pittsburgh, November 14. 1817

Patent Trace Chain.

THE subscriber has invented and obtained a patent for cutting and bending links to make chain of different sizes

Chain made of those links will have a superior advantage over the chain made in the common way as the iron is first drawn into a wire which makes each link of an equal thickness and more beautiful and strong than the common chain.

To the wholesale merchant they will be sold at 21 doll. per dozen. The links will likewise be sold to blacksmiths or others at 23 dolls. per hundrod pounds with the necessary complement of rings, each chain requires six pound of links

Orders accompanied with the cash will be promptly attended to by the subscriber at his works adjoining Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM EICHBAUM

April 1 1817——tf.

NEW BOOK-STORE

William Eichbaum, Junior,

BOOK-SELLER AND STATIONER,

SECOND, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS,

HAS opened a *Wholesale and Retail* BOOK-STORE and intends to keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Books and Stationary

in the various branches of the business.

W. E. Having a bindery attached to his establishment, will be enabled to bind and rule blank books of every description, to any size or pattern with neatness and despatch.

All orders punctually attended to

☞ Rags will be bought or taken in exchange for books at the usual prices.

Pittsburgh, July 11, 1817. 2aw tf

APPROVED

Patent and Family MEDICINES

FOR SALE BY

J. W. SKELTON,

Pittsburgh Apothecary Hall,

Corner of Third and Wood streets

AND SKELTON AND HILL,

Market street, near the Diamond,

PITTSBURGH.

Doctor Bossy's Celebrated Elixir of Health.

For the cure of Coughs Colds &c.

Dr. Bossy's Hysteric Drops.

A medicine, which has been for many years used with great success, both in Europe and America, speedily removing the most violent fits of Hysterics, like a charm

Dr. Bossy's Lotion,

For burns and scalds.

Dr. Bossy's Embrocation,

For bruises, strains, inflammations, rheumatisms, &c.

Dr. Bossy's India Oil,

For the cure of cancers, wens, and all slubborn tumours, &c,

Infallible Remedy

For destroying Bugs in bedsteads, furniture &c.

Doctor Velnos'

TURKISH GLUE or ARMENIAN CEMENT,

For mending China, glass, &c.

Balsamic Aromatic Tincture

Or the grand corrector of flatulence and acidity i the bowels of children.

Velno's Vegetable Ointment,

For the cure of the Rheumatism

Dr. Hartman's Worm Cakes.

This is a mild and exceeding good vermifuge may be given at all times with the greatest safety to the youngest infant, or pregnant women. It is celebrated for an astringent, which strengthens the tone of the stomach and intestines, and hence proves useful in disorders arising from laxity of the fibres, dropsical and bilious complaints or when the bowels are obstructed with slime

Doran's Chymical Cake,

For removing grease from silk, cotton or woollen goods.

DOCTOR BREE'S TINCTURE.

For Asthma, Coughs, Colds, and approaching Consumptions.

Dr. Velnos' Antipertesis,

For the cure of Hooping Cough.

A medicine justly entitled to universal approtion, having been used with the most flattering success, in all the hospitals and infirmaries of Europe, and recommended highly by the most eminent of the faculty; is perfectly mild in its operation, and may be given to children with the greatest safety.

July 8, 1817.

FRESH AND CHEAP Fall, Winter, and Fancy GOODS

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from Philadelphia, and will open his fall supply of Goods in a few days. His assortment consists of a very general variety of

SUPERFINE, FINE, & COARSE

Woollen, Worsted, Silk & Cotton *DRY GOODS,*

Well assorted, and of good qualities, patterns, and colors:

And a Fresh and general assorment of

HARDWARE, Queensware, China Ware, Glass Ware, and Groceries, &c.

Also, a quantity of AUGURS, and SPRIGS, well assorted,

Comprising in the whole

An excellent selection of seasonable and scarce goods; all of which will be sold very cheap for cash, approved country produce, or acceptances in town at 60, 90 or 120 days.

Country merchants, who wish to recruit their stock, will find many scarce goods very cheap.

ISAAC HARRIS,

Diamond, Pittsburgh.

62 1-2 cents per bushel, will be given in goods for good clean FLAXSEED

In receiving payment, I. H. is disposed to accommodate his customers and the public, as far as possibly convenient—small notes, on good chartered banks, will be taken as usual.

Pittsburgh, October 28th, 1817——tf

JAMES LAUBE,

Diamond, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received, & has for sale, on the most reasonable terms,

Best Spanish Cigars by the box,
Raisins by the do.
Port Wine,
Madeira, do.
Teneriff,
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Cordials,
Dryed Fruits, &c.

Dec1, 1816.

M'DERMOTT & BARTRAM have just received, and FOR SALE,

50 bags prime green Havanna Coffee
10 bbls ditto ditto
30 small boxes Young Hyson Tea
10 quarter Chests ditto
15 boxes Imperial ditto
20 boxes Hyson ditto
10 quarter Chests Hyson Skin ditto
2 boxes Souchong
1 seroon Spanish flotant Indigo
3000 lbs Loaf Sugar
15 bbls Muscovado ditto
40 lbs Nutmegs
60 lbs Cloves
2 cases Cinnamon
50,000 spanish Segars, in whole half and quarter boxes
30 gross Ink powders
5 bbls 4th proof cogniac Brandy
5 bbls ditto Jamaica Spirits
3 bbls real Holland Gin
2 half Pipes madeira Wine
2 quarter casks Colmenar ditto
2 hhds foreign copperas
20 kegs English refined Saltpetre.

All of which will be sold low on accommodating terms

Pittsburgh, October 17th, 1817——2aw1m.

CASTINGS & STOVES

A large quantity, just received **by the subscribers,**

WHICH makes their assortment complete They have now on hand, and offer FOR SALE

on the most accommodating terms, at their Warehouse next door to Allen and Grant's, lower end of Wood street—or at the Foundry corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

Hollow Ware,

Wood Stoves, finihed complete,	Mortars and Pestels,
Do. do. in plates,	Smith's Anvills & Mandrels,
Coal do. of a varietyof patterns	Windmill Irons, Swivels.
Grates of do do	Tea kettles,
Cabouses, of metal of the first quality,	Waggon and Carriage boxes,
Stove Pipe,	Grist and Sawmill Irons,
Pot-ash, Soap, & Salt Kettles.	Applemill Nutts,
Hatters & Fullers do	Dog, and Waffle Irons.
Do do Plates,	Hatters, Taylors, and Smoothing Irons,, finished in the best manner,
Scale & Counter weights	
Bark-Mills,	

From arrangements which they have made, they assure their customers and others, that they will continue to keep the most extensive and best supply of the above enumerated articles, and Castings of every description that are to be had any place this side of the mountains.

☞ All orders for Machinery &c. executed

M'Clurgs & M'Knight.

JAMES RIDDLE & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AT THEIR STORE,

Market, between Third & Fourth streets.

AN ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS, etc.

Ladies and gentlemens Morrocco and Leather

Boots, Shoes, etc.

All of which they offer for sale at the lowest prices,

—ALSO—

200 boxes Tin Plate,
Russia Sheet-Iron,
English Braziers Rods, 1-4, 3-8, 7-16, and 1-2 inch,
English Blistered Steel, } Warranted
ditto Crowley, Millington do. } Genuine.
ditto Shear ditto }

And are in daily expectation of receiving a quantity of English

BOILER IRON,

of a very superior quality, suitable for boilers of Steam Machinery, each plate 4 feet 7 inches long by 2 feet wide.

Pittsburgh, November 21, 1817. 1awtf

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE,

100 hbls Conemaugh Salt,
116 do Whiskey,
22 N. Orleans Sugar,
25 kegs Trotter's Powder,
12 do Copperas,
2000 lbs. Logwood,
4000 do Bacon.

ARMOR & WALLACE.

Pittsburgh Juue 17. 1817.

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

Abishai Way & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

At their Wholesale and Retail store

In Market street,

11 CASES

Domestic Dry Goods, which they offer FOR SALE by the piece or package—at low prices and long credit,

—Also—

PRIME MANUFACTURED TOBACCO

BY THE KEG

Likewise on hand,

A very general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, etc.

Which they offer wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

LINSEED OIL, COUNTRY SUGAR, | By the barrel.

and a few barrels of FLOUR, for sale.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22——1awtf

Just received and for sale,

250 bbls SALT.

Cut Tacks, and Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

Cut Tacks and Sprigs of all sizes,

FROM the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) —and being appointed Agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs will be received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, November 14, 1817

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6 Cents Reward.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, an apprentice to the tobacco business, named JOHN PARKS, aged about 15 years, yellow complexion, the above reward and no charges will be given for the apprehension of said boy.

DAVID GREER.

Pittsburgh, November 28, 1817 3

LOST,

A prommissory note, dated November 19, 1817, payable at 60 days, for $115 drawn by David Greer in favor of the subscriber, and by him endorsed to Philip Miller.

Any information respecting said Note will be thankfully received by the subscriber at Mr. Geo. Bowers' Tavern, bank of Monongahela

SAMUEL LYND.

November 28th, 1817

LIVERY STABLE.

(Wood street, between Diamond alley & Fifth-st)

George Steward,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of this city and its vicinity, that he has opened a *Livery Stable*, where he intends to carry it on in a manner calculated to do justice to himself and accommodate all others who may please to give him a call, having altered his stable expressly for the purpose, which is inferior to none in the place. He also intends to keep good riding horses to hire—calculated for journeys of any length. Having procured careful managers to superintend the business, he will be enabled to give general satisfaction.

Good saddles and bridles in every case shall be furnished, necessary for the comfort of the rider—when thus caparisoned it is presumed that justice will be done to horses, so justly their due.

Terms of hire and other affairs relative to the establishment, made known at the time of hiring.

He has also laid in an excellent quantity of oats and hay, and feed of every description.

Gentlemen committing horses to his care, may rest assured of unremitting attention in evey particular.

Pittsburgh, November 28, 1817——2atf

ORMSBY & DOANE.

HAVE FOR SALE,

150 bbls. Rectified Lake Salt.

A quantity of Soal and Upper Leather
Saddlers Leather
New-Orleans Sugar
Whiskey
Mess Pork in half barrels
Bacon Hams just smoked
Venison Hams
Tobacco
Iron and Castings
Cut Tacks, Sprigs and Screws, very low, &c.

Pittsburgh, October 13, 1817.

Mustard Seed,

I WILL give 10 dollars per bushel for good clean MUSTARD SEED

J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburg. March 2.——tf.

NEW SCHOOL

ON MONDAY the 3d day of November next, the subscriber purposes opening, at the house lately occupied by Mr. Campbell, in Irwin Alley, a SCHOOL for the Education of Children of both sexes, in those branches usually taught in an English Seminary.

The experience of upwards of forty years, and his reputation as a Teacher, in Hagerstown, (Md.) Lancaster and Chambersburgh, (Pa,) induces the subscriber to believe himself qualified to perform the duties he undertakes.

Children from the country will be acommodated with boarding, &c. in the family of the Teacher, on as low terms as the state of the Markets will afford.

JOHN RIDDLE.

Terms, plan and method of tuition &c. will be made known at the School room.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 24th.

HATTERS FUR.

G. T. Beyer & Co.

Wood, Between Third and Fourth streets

Have just received an invoice of

HATTERS' FUR,

Among which are the following—

Grey carroted and best Grey, raw Coney wool,
Ditto Black, Blue and White best Russia Hare's Fur.

Which they offer for sale, either for cash or approved country paper, on the most liberal terms

Pittsbg. August 29, 1817

S. & J Thompson

MERCHANT TAYLORS,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large assortment of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES of every description—and being bought on the best terms they will be enabled to sell very low.

They have also the newest fashions, and will continue to supply customers at a short notice with all articles in their line.

Pittsb. Aug. 8, 1817

N. B. They always keep a large assortment of MADE UP CLOATING at their establishment